

FORMALIN A FAILURE.

The widely heralded discovery of formalin as a cure for blood poisoning is now declared by New York physicians to be a failure. Tests which they have made are said to have shown that formalin is only a temporary check to the growth of the germ and in the long run proves an injury to the patient. Rabbits infected with blood poison germs and subjected to formalin treatment died several hours sooner than rabbits similarly infected and not placed under the treatment.

Dr. George F. Shady says he regards the result of the tests conducted by the bacteriological expert of the health department as confirming his view and that of many others of the profession that the formalin treatment was a failure.

"It has gone the way of many other suddenly heralded cures," said Dr. Shady, "when it was first announced it struck the medical profession with wonder that such a simple remedy should have so long been overlooked. That had much to do with the scepticism with which it was regarded."

ST. LOUIS FAIR.

The people of New Mexico are opposed to squandering thirty or forty thousand dollars on the St. Louis fair. The people and press of that city have joined in the eastern howl against this territory, and in a hundred ways our people can resent the unequalled insult. New Mexico is in a position to live absolutely independent of all humanity. We have never asked and certainly have not received any favors, courtesies, aid or kindness from any of the eastern cities. Then why should we pay taxes to make a St. Louis holiday? A bill is pending in the legislative council repealing the law creating a New Mexico commission for the St. Louis exposition and distributing the funds provided for the exhibit to the various educational institutions of the territory. That bill should pass by unanimous vote. Let's get together and provide millions for the education of our children and not spend a cent for the glorification of any city whose press is constantly vilifying the territory.

NOT DESERVED.

The legislature has named a new county in this territory in honor of President Roosevelt. The compliment is not deserved by Mr. Roosevelt. He used New Mexico and Arizona as stepping stones to reach the presidency and then spurned his humble friends and refused to make good his public pledges regarding the admission of these territories to statehood. In this respect Mr. Roosevelt is not different to the ward politicians of all the states and territories. His promises are subject to revision and he has turned upon the people who followed him from Santa Fe to San Juan hill. But for the opposition of President Roosevelt New Mexico and Arizona would now be states of the American union. When the bills creating Quay and Roosevelt counties passed the territorial council yesterday a resolution was passed notifying Senator Quay that a county was named in his honor because of his faithful and untiring work for the territory. A similar resolution could not be passed for President Roosevelt, because it was well known that he had done nothing to help pass the statehood bill.

IN WASHINGTON'S TIME.

If the telephone and the wireless telegraph had been in operation in General Washington's time the British would not have been caught in a box so frequently by the Americans. General Marion would not have been able to make many of his raids without being tripped up, and General Washington on crossing the Delaware might have met with a hot reception. In fact, it is doubtful that with modern inventions in operation the American revolution would have succeeded. In all countries of the world rebellions are growing more and more difficult, even including Colombia and Venezuela, and this is principally on account of the impossibility of a military minority getting the best of the government force by means of tricks and surprises.

Yet while this relative power of the governments has grown, at the same time their disposition toward arbitrary and abusive use of their authority has declined. It is true that there are still occasional instances of usurpation and tyranny, as in the case of Finland, but the growth of the influence of popular thought and desire, throughout the entire world, is amazing.

As the power of governments is increased by mechanical and scientific appliances, so their conduct toward the people ought to improve, and it is doing so.

THE STATEHOOD BLOCKADE.

The concessions made by the advocates of the omnibus statehood bill in

CONSUMPTION

the most dreaded and deadly of all diseases, as well as pneumonia, and all lung troubles are relieved at once and cured by Ackers English Remedy "the king of all cough cures." Cures coughs and colds in a day 25 cents. Your money back if dissatisfied. Write for free sample. W. H. Hooker & Co., Buffalo N. Y. J. H. O'Reilly & Co., and A. H. Briggs & Co.

favor of the consideration of the Panama canal treaty will commend themselves to the country, says the Kansas City Star. The importance of the canal project is fully appreciated by the public at large. The urgency of having the treaty disposed of at the present session, of which but two weeks remain, is sufficient reason for making it a special order of business. The fact that it does not disturb the place of the statehood bill as the regular order, and the additional fact that the canal treaty cannot be considered without the consent of the statehood supporters, open the way for the disposal of the question.

In the meantime, however, the majority of the people will take satisfaction in the position that Senator Quay and his followers have maintained. The omnibus bill is now attached to the appropriations bill as a rider, and in this relation will become a law or cause the defeat of necessary appropriations and necessitate an extra session to provide for the operation of important branches of the government.

Those republicans who object to the bill on its provisions, or who want only such a measure as can be passed by republican votes, do not command the approval of the public at large. This is a popular government, and the people are jealous of the rights and powers of the majority. Senator Quay has demonstrated that a majority of the senate is favorable to the omnibus bill. That majority should rule. The minority has a right to overcome the majority, if possible, but it has no right to prevent the issue from coming to a vote. Between the filibustering of the minority and the stand taken by Senator Quay, the latter is nearer to the basic principles of popular government, and, therefore, appeals more strongly to the public.

RAILROADS AND PROSPERITY.

Among the items of increased cost in the operation of railways not publicly known is the large number of additional employees required. The pay rolls of the railways now carry over 200,000 more names than they did ten years ago, and that this is not wholly on account of increased mileage is shown by the fact that the number of employees per mile of track has increased nearly 15 per cent during that period.

When this increase in number is taken into account and added to the increased rate in wages it is not strange that the railroads should feel the burden. This item is wholly apart from what is known as construction work, the men employed in that work not being carried on the operating rolls. The large amount thus disbursed by the railroads is in no small degree responsible for the general prosperity of the country.

Abundant wages form the main spring of many industries, and is second only to good crops in promoting commercial welfare. Should the time come when railroads, because of decreasing revenues, are compelled to reduce wages, the effect will be very much wider than the immediate circle of railroad employees.

LICENSING OSTEOPATHS.

The legislature ought to enact into law the bill now pending for licensing osteopaths to practice the science of osteopathy, or the drugless system of treatment, says the New Mexican.

No man or set of men should control the avenues of development along lines contributing to the diminution of suffering. This territory certainly can not afford to be behind the states in such matters. Where Illinois, Indiana, Texas, Minnesota, Kentucky, Louisiana, Colorado, Iowa, Ohio, and a great many other states in the union have led, in recognizing osteopathy, New Mexico can afford to follow.

There are a great many people who believe that drugs and the knife do not cure everything, while having their proper place in the treatment of many ailments, and who firmly believe that the restoration of blood, wrought up nerves, misplaced or crooked bones, can be, and daily are, performed by osteopaths in the great cities of the United States, and thousands of suffering people are rescued from a life of inactivity and suffering, or from suicide because of nervous prostration, and sent rejoicing to a useful and happy existence. Such cures of chronic cases are common, and they say that nothing succeeds like success.

FAVORABLE TO NEW COUNTY.

The statement in our morning contemporary as to the sentiment in Albuquerque in favor of the division of Bernalillo county, is quite correct, except that it overstates the amount of opposition to the division. We are satisfied that numerically there cannot be found 2 per cent of the people of Albuquerque who are not positively and aggressively in favor of the division.

There is but one argument advanced against the division which has any semblance of plausibility, and that is, that the proposed county of Sandoval includes a region of great natural resources which are reasonably certain in the near future to be so developed as to increase enormously the amount of taxable property, and that we ought not willingly to lose such a valuable section of country which will be productive of large revenues for county purposes, although at present it is of no value to us.

This would be all very well if there were the slightest reason to believe that we would be able to keep this enormous amount of territory in our own county, but experience shows that the moment that any section of country is able to support the expenses of

a county government, the legislature promptly creates a new county, and there can be no doubt that whenever the great natural resources in the proposed county of Sandoval are developed and exploited as may be hoped, that part of the country would be taken away from us and a new county made, and it would be impossible for us to prevent it.

It is the part of wisdom that we should at the earliest possible day cut down our own county to small area with corresponding reduction of expenses, and let Sandoval county come into existence at once, instead of carrying it along as a burden to us, until it becomes strong enough to go alone.

CHANGING THE LAND LAWS.

Congress would better provide for the appointment of a commission to inquire into the condition of the existing laws rather than take a leap in the dark by repealing all except the homestead law, says the Denver Republican.

A great deal of opposition to some of these laws has been developed of late; but its source is not clearly disclosed, and it has been charged that it is prompted by the land grant railroads. Of course it would be to the interest of these roads to check the sale of public lands, since in that event the demand for their own lands would be increased. Whether any of the land grant railroads are back of the movement to repeal the desert land and other land laws seems to be an open question. However, the charge that this movement is in their interest is sufficient to suggest a preliminary inquiry by the government into the workings of these laws.

It is somewhat strange that suddenly, after these laws have been in force for years, it is discovered that a great wrong is coming upon the people through the acquisition of public lands by private interests contrary to the spirit of the law. It would be well to try what a little stricter enforcement might achieve, before adopting a course that inevitably would check settlement upon public lands in the far west, whatever it might do in respect to those belonging to the land grant railroad companies.

A commission appointed for the purpose of making such an investigation could complete its work by the time congress will assemble in regular session next December; and then legislation based upon a full knowledge of the subject could be begun.

Charges Against Garrett.

It is said that a batch of charges, some thirty-five in number, will be filed against Collector Garrett, of customs, and his inspectors, with the president and the secretary of the treasury. Just what the specific charges are cannot be learned, but it is known that they are made by a number of cattlemen, tourists, disgruntled merchants and citizens. Mr. Garrett is cognizant of the action that is to be taken against him, and says he is not at all worried over the matter and thinks that he has already been upheld by the secretary of treasury on matters involving the same points that are in issue in the present charges.

A Boston man claims that he solved the problem of wireless telegraphy long before Marconi thought of it. It seems from this that some of the good Bostonians are addicted to the pipe as well as the aesthetic bean.

This Is Too Bad.

It is about time that that wise literature on the Albuquerque Journal-Democrat to have another spasm in regard to the railroad reporter of the Record. Come again, your last effort was a "gem" and it must be admitted that you handle the English language in a manner that is beyond criticism. What you don't know about the "genius" of the English language would probably fill a small thumb paper.—Las Vegas Record.

LOSING STREAK.

Results in a Gambler Using His Gun at Trinidad, Colo.

A special dispatch from Trinidad, Colo., dated February 22, says: A shooting scrape last night at the mining camp of Rugby, twenty-five miles north of this city, caused the death of one man, and two more are behind the bars in the county jail. The shooting occurred at Pat Moran's saloon, and the two men accused of the crime are in his employ. The dead man's name is Pickett, and he had worked around Aguilar for some years. He recently ran a saloon for Sam Clapp, near Rugby.

Last evening Pickett went to Moran's place and started to gamble. At first he won, and then he began to lose, and when he had lost about all the money he had with him he threatened to make a rough house unless his money was returned. Moran gave him back \$5 and put him out of the saloon and locked the door. Soon another party wanted to come in, and when the door was opened Pickett also tried to enter. Joseph Matthews and E. Martinez, the employees, told Pickett to go away and not cause any more trouble. He refused to leave, and began shooting at once. Both Matthews and Martinez returned the fire, wounding him first in the leg. A bullet then pierced his body, entering at the back of the right shoulder and coming out on the left side. This wound caused death.

Matthews and Martinez were arrested last night. Today Coroner Sipe, District Attorney Ross and Sheriff Clark went out to Rugby, where an inquest was held. Matthews and Martinez were exonerated by the coroner's jury, but District Attorney Ross was not satisfied, and had them arrested again, and they are now in the county jail in Trinidad.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

There is a strong sentiment at Santa Fe in favor of the rigid enforcement of the Sunday law.

The legislature is doing good work. An effort is being made to improve and clean up the city of Santa Fe. This is necessary to the comfort of visitors to the capital city.

That little insurrection in the normal university at Las Vegas was promptly squelched by the territorial council.

The sentiment in this city is almost unanimous in favor of the division of this county.

This week will decide the fate of statehood for the territories. The chances are all against the passage of the bill.

If Senator Quay had only attached a statehood rider to river and harbor bill it would have gone through without any trouble.

The Rio Grande Republican says what is wanted now is some way of legislating the freak legislator out of political existence.

A woman on the death of her husband telegraphed to a distant friend: "Dear Joseph is dead. Loss fully covered by insurance."

Michigan is considering a bill to imprison hunters who shoot men by mistake. Not a bad plan for any state where deer are few and hunters were plenty.

The price of fat lambs and muttons is now over \$6.25 per hundred, and preparations for large shipments are being made in the northern part of the territory.

Hon. Nestor Montoya is filling the difficult position of speaker of the territorial house of representatives to the satisfaction of all concerned.

Probably it was a victim of one of the get-rich-quick concerns who first suggested that what people really need is a get-rich-quick institution.

What the United States senate appears to need more than anything else is a Tom Reed to run it until a vote could be secured on a few important matters.

There remain twenty working days of the present session of the Thirty-fifth legislative assembly of this territory. Much is to be done in the way of legislation and there is time to do it, provided too much talk is not indulged in.

An exchange lays it down as a rule of conduct that "when such monopolists as Rockefeller do not wish a thing it is pretty safe that the people do not want it." Not always; Mr. Rockefeller does not wish the stomach ache.

The historic hill of Tara, on which the ancient kings of Ireland were crowned, was knocked down at auction the other day for \$18,500, the buyer being a woman, who evidently thought she was at a bargain counter, for the sentiment attached to the hill ought to have brought more than that.

Watch the course of the legislature and observe those in either the council or house, who are friendly to Albuquerque. This city is growing, has a fine class of enterprising, progressive people, and no legislation should be tolerated that would have a tendency to impede its progress.

Hon. Jesus Romero and other prominent republicans will go to Santa Fe tomorrow morning, with petitions, protesting against the enactment into a law of council bill No. 54, introduced by Councilman Albright, which provides for the annexation of contiguous territory to incorporated cities and towns. There is an almost unanimous verdict in this city, among the merchants and taxpayers, against such a bill becoming a law.

The Topeka State Journal says: The concerted attempt on the part of certain newspapers to place the blame for delayed congressional action upon Senator Quay and his fight for the omnibus statehood bill will not do. The public knows better. All Quay has asked for at any time is a vote. When that is taken business can proceed. The wheels can be made to turn in fifteen minutes if Beveridge, Lodge and their followers will get out of the way.

When the news was flashed to Tucumcari that the legislature had passed the bill creating the new county of Quay, the Pathfinder, published at that place, got out a supplement reading as follows: "The legislature of New Mexico has just created the new county of Quay, with Tucumcari as the county seat. In recognition and as a token of appreciation for their commendable efforts an arch of 'Liberty and Progress' to celebrate the occasion is being erected on Main street today."

The Raton Range says: Albuquerque business men have organized a board of trade. The Commercial club there has grown to be strictly a social club, and in the new organization the social feature will be eliminated. It means business.

Judge D. H. McMillan, of New Mexico, has been granted permission by the department of justice to send to New Mexico for additional affidavits and evidence for use in the defense which he is now making in the department against charges of improper conduct while on the territorial bench.

A. S. Greig, the ex-manager of the El Paso & Northeastern Railway company, has completed the plans for building the largest sanitarium for consumptives at Alamogordo in Otero county. Should this plan succeed and there is no reason to doubt this, especially if the right kind of advertising is done, the number of sanitarium in this territory will multiply and the health seekers who now go to Colorado or California will in greater part come to New Mexico for it has been repeatedly demonstrated that while Colorado has a magnificent climate and California

has a good climate, yet the New Mexico climate beats both of them.

An officer in the Brooklyn navy yard has this to say: "The German navy looks great on paper but it is not as formidable as is generally supposed. Leaving aside any question as to the torpedo boat fleet, I have found on examination that nearly 68 per cent of her cruisers, battleships and other large vessels of the imperial navy are unable to go more than 600 miles from home because of the inability to carry sufficient steaming coal. This is not imagination. It is an epitome of official figures."

HOW IT FEELS ON FAST TRAIN.

Engineer of a Flyer Does Not Regard It as a Funny Business.

Mr. Nagle, an engineer on one of the big roads, was asked if there was any certain trick in the running of fast trains, says the Indianapolis Journal, and replied:

"There is no difference in the running of the fast train and the slow one. There is one thing that a man should remember, though, and that is not to get nervous, no matter what turns up before him. The engineers who run the flyers must also be men of quick decision, because a little wavering on their part might cause a bad wreck. If it is the engineer's opinion that the train should be stopped he should do so at once, but if he thinks he can get through, then all right—throw her open and go through, but don't hesitate. The success in running fast trains lies in the one fact of keeping your mind on what you are doing and not getting excited when something turns up unexpectedly before you. An engineer must always be on his guard, for going over the ground at sixty or seventy miles an hour he must act quickly when the time comes, as there is no chance to consider what is best to do."

"The engine I run makes from ten to twelve miles faster time than is ordinarily run. To be able to do this I have got to know every foot of the road. For in knowing the track I can tell just where the long stretches of level road are before I get to them, and in this way I can calculate just where I can make up any little time that I might have lost at the beginning of the trip. In some places in making a run I will go away ahead of my schedule, but what I have gained here I will lose on some other part of the road that is not so good."

"In making fast runs it is in the stops and slow-downs where an engine loses time. You take, for instance, a train that has to be brought to a dead standstill; it will require as high as ten minutes before it can be got well under way again, and when you are going sixty miles an hour ten minutes counts a great deal."

"It seems singular, but to a person who is associated with engines all the time they almost seem alive. This is on account of the sensitive machinery about them. You can't any more say what kind of time an engine is going to make when you start out with it than you can tell how a race horse is going to run. Some days when you take the machine out it will worry along, and you can't get it to running right during the whole trip, and then at other times it will start off perfectly smooth and you will have no trouble whatever."

The weather has much to do with the way an engine works. When the atmosphere is damp and cold and the oil is thick the machinery works much harder than in dry, warm weather, when the oil remains thin. Then there is the difference in coal; some engines will burn one kind better than another. And the way the wind blows also has much to do with the speed that is made."

At a public function recently friends noticed an intent look upon the features of Grover Cleveland while the band was playing the kitchens refrain, "I Thought I Heard Somebody Calling Me."

He Escaped Punishment.

Bentley, the man arrested last week, was discharged from custody. It was claimed that he wrote to a man named Devereaux or Halley, who is a safe-cracker in the El Paso jail, that Winslow was "dead easy." One of his letters was intercepted, in which he stated that Joe La Pointe's saloon was an "easy graft"; that much money was kept in the safe and it would not be hard to take the safe out in the alley and "touch it off." But the sure thing was the Navajo county bank. This was to be "touched off" for \$25,000. Special Officer Ben Williams, of the Santa Fe, was on Bentley's trail, and when he came in from a run as brakeman Officer Williams and Marshal Hanks took him into custody. As his offense was against the government for fraudulently using the mails, he was, on advice from the United States district attorney, turned loose. Messrs. Geary and Burbage were Bentley's lawyers, and they succeeded in getting him out of a very bad mess.—Winslow Mail.

Minister of Commerce Moeller, of Germany, in a public address, urges Germans to adopt American business methods, especially concentration of capital.

Notes from Algodones.

Algodones, N. M., Feb. 21.—Several light falls of snow in the past few days insures good crops for the coming season as well as plenty of grass for stock.

There is only one objection here to the formation of the new county of Sandoval, and that is in fixing the county seat at Los Corrales, the extreme southern part of the county and off the line of the railroad. Los Cor-



The Bitters

is an excellent tonic for building up the system. It is a perfect restorative. It will restore the appetite, assist the digestion and prevent heartburn, flatulency, indigestion, biliousness, etc. Try it.

It is only about eight miles from Albuquerque, the county seat of Bernalillo county, and on the west side of the Rio Grande river. We would have no objection to any point on the railroad from Thornton to Alameda, but do not like the idea of having to cross the railroad and get some kind of conveyance to go to Los Corrales on the west side of the Rio Grande river. It is not treating the people of the northern part of the county right. We think Bernalillo would be the proper place for the county seat.

ANOTHER ENTERTAINMENT.

The Railroad Folks Invited to Their Reading Rooms Tonight.

A very entertaining program will be delivered at the Santa Fe reading rooms tonight under the direction of S. E. Buser, superintendent of the S. F. Railway system.

Accompanying Mr. Buser on his tour are James Moore, wife and daughter. Mr. Moore is a vocalist with a pleasing personality and enjoys singing to his friends, the boys. With the party are Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Parkhurst and daughter, all of Topeka. Mrs. Parkhurst has a sweet soprano voice of pleasing qualities. She will be assisted by her daughter, Miss Lottie Parkhurst.

This program is rendered for the entertainment of the railroad employees, their families and friends, and it will undoubtedly be highly appreciated by all those who are able to attend.

Miss Florence Chapin has kindly consented to assist in the following program:

Piano Solo—Humoresque.....Grieg
Mrs. Charlotte E. Parkhurst.
Adoration.....Beethoven
James Moore.
(a) Dragon Flies.....Guy d'Hardelot
(b) Maiden and the Butterfly.....D. Albert
Mrs. George W. Parkhurst.
Reading.....Miss Chapin
(a) Loch Lomond.....Scotch
(b) Off to Philadelphia.....Irish
(c) Drink to Me Only with Old
Eyes.....Thine English
Mr. Moore.

Chanson Boheme (Carmen).....Bizet
Mrs. Parkhurst.
Bedouin Love Song.....Pisutti
Mr. Moore.

Reading.....Miss Chapin
Hush, My Little One.....Bevignini
Mrs. Parkhurst.
Duet—Night Hymn at Sea.....Goring Thomas
Mrs. Parkhurst and Mr. Moore.

Back to Santa Fe.

Hon. C. A. Dales, the representative from Valencia county, who is a very active member of the territorial house of representatives, passed through Albuquerque this morning after spending the Sabbath at Belen. In the way of railroad building, are going on nicely. Work on the railroad bridge across the Rio Grande will begin this week. More than 100 cars loaded with bridge building material are standing on the sidings at Belen waiting to be unloaded. The first shooting affair the new railroad town has experienced occurred last Sunday a week ago, but fortunately the drunken shooter failed to hit the mark. No one was hurt.

British cotton mill operators are much concerned over their dependence on the United States and are scheming to have more cotton raised in British colonies.

been set by the honorable probate court as the day on which to probate the last will and testament of Mrs. Sophia Hamilton.

J. Mack Smith has been appointed United States court commissioner at Artesia, Eddy county, in the Fifth judicial district, by Chief Justice W. J. Mills.

A decree has been rendered in Union county, granting Carlos Cornaye an absolute divorce from his spouse, Maria de Sandoval Cornaye, on the grounds of desertion and abandonment.

In the divorce case of Sarah A. Wheatley, a decree has been entered granting her a divorce on the grounds of cruel treatment, non-support and abandonment, three good counts.

Last evening, Lawrence Clark, the little son of J. S. Clark, while out sleigh riding, attempted to hitch on to the delivery wagon of Friedman Bros., when the driver, an Arabian, turned around and struck him in the eye with his whip, inflicting a very painful wound.

In the case of John V. Hinde against John H. Culley, administrator of the estate of Telesfor Paiz et al., judgment has been rendered in favor of the plaintiff for \$345.25, and in default of the payment of said judgment, the real estate mentioned in the mortgages sued on in this action is to be sold by F. W. Brooks, of Wagon Mound, to satisfy the judgment.

Gregorio Varela, who was appointed timber inspector of the Las Vegas grant by the trustees recently, arrived in the city from a tour of inspection. During his absence Mr. Varela apprehended Pedro Padilla, Sefierito Sandoval, Eulogio Sandoval and Juan Blea, cutting ties about one mile above the springs in the Gallinas canyon and reported them to the trustees, who will no doubt deal with them summarily. This is the first step towards preventing the willful destruction of timber on the Las Vegas grant and should be followed up. Mr. Varela is undoubtedly the right man in the right place.

From the Optic.
Benigno Martinez is numbered among the sick.
Pablo Lesperance lost a 7-year-old daughter out at his Mineral Hill home last week, and a baby is reported very sick in the same family. Pneumonia is the illness.
Jeff Keen and sister, Mrs. Charles Dunn, returned to the city this afternoon from a short trip to Kennedy, where their father, T. N. Steele, was reported to be very sick. They found the old gentleman much improved and hope he will be as hale as ever in a few days.
Florence E. Spate was 9 years old and celebrated the event at the home of her parents on Main street by giving a party to eighteen of her little friends. Games were played and a magic lantern added to the pleasure of the little folks, after which nice refreshments were served. A very enjoyable evening being spent.

Mrs. W. S. Hill, of Winona, Miss., a sister of George P. Money, of this city, died at the Hotel Dieu, New Orleans, February 17, of consumption. The lady visited here last summer on her way from Monterey, Old Mexico, where she had been for her health. She was surrounded by her own and her father's family at the time of dissolution.

Will Visit Mexico.

Roy Roberts, the popular and obliging hustler for Mike Mandell, and Jake Myers, a young man of equal qualities, who devotes his time and energies in the interest of the Lion state, will take early vacations this year and on next Wednesday will leave for the City of Mexico. During the trip they will devote their time and attention to information which will be useful in their respective lines, and being close and silent observers they will undoubtedly accomplish their purpose. Both have earned their much needed vacation, by constant mental labor.

GEN. FUNSTON'S DOUBLE.

Causes a Sensation at United States Fort in Colorado.

The Denver Times has found a man so like Gen. Fred Funston that it fools the soldiers in Funston's command. The Times says: "Turn out the guard, General Funston," called the outer sentry at Fort Logan Sunday. "Never mind the guard," said the imperturbable Casey, for it was he that caused all the commotion. Privates hurried to their quarters to brush up a bit, as an inspection of quarters was expected. "Non-coms" did a little surreptitious policing of the street. The biggest shirk was willing to perform this odious duty and ground a stray match or cigarette stub into the hard earth. The gleaming rifles were examined closely and any speck of dust was carefully removed.

All this labor and excitement was caused by the appearance of Donald F. Casey, a genial conductor on the Twenty-second avenue line. His resemblance to the general of Aguinaldo fame has often been remarked by his acquaintances. His leaving the fort was attended with less eclat than his entrance and his friends are now telling the story with great glee.

Valencia County Court.
The spring term of the district court of Valencia county will be called at Los Lunas on Monday, March 2. Judge Baker notifies the members of the bar that the civil docket will be called the first thing after the empanelling of the jury and that all cases not represented by attorneys or clients, and ready to be proceeded with, would be stricken from the docket.

LAS VEGAS.

From the Record.

August G. Zummach has entered suit against Sallie A. Summerlin et al. to quiet title to certain real estate situated in East Las Vegas.

Chief Justice W. J. Mills has appointed T. C. Hunt as United States court commissioner at Texico, N. M., in the Fourth judicial district.

William Sells, the old circus man, arrived at the Castaneda hotel from Topeka, with his wife, and went out to the hot springs this morning.

The twenty-third day of March has